Eagle Lake
NURSERIES

Maltese Cross

Lychnis chalcedonica

Height: 4 feet

Spread: 19 inches

Spacing: 18 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Ornamental Features

Maltese Cross has masses of beautiful clusters of scarlet star-shaped flowers at the ends of the stems in early summer, which are most effective when planted in groupings. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its pointy leaves remain dark green in colour throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Maltese Cross is an herbaceous perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other garden plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. It is a good choice for attracting butterflies to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Maltese Cross is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use



Maltese Cross flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Maltese Cross in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Planting & Growing

Maltese Cross will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 19 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 18 inches apart. It tends to be leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and should be underplanted with lower-growing perennials. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 15 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is native to parts of North America. It can be propagated by seed.