



# Eagle Lake

## NURSERIES LTD.



### Tiger Lily

*Lilium lancifolium*

Height: 4 feet

Spread: 23 inches

Spacing: 18 inches

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 2a

Other Names: *Lilium tigrinum*

Group/Class: Tiger Lily

#### Ornamental Features

Tiger Lily features bold nodding orange trumpet-shaped flowers with black spots at the ends of the stems in mid summer. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its narrow leaves remain green in colour throughout the season. The fruit is not ornamentally significant.

#### Landscape Attributes

Tiger Lily is an herbaceous perennial with a rigidly upright and towering form. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects
- Disease

Tiger Lily is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use



*Tiger Lily flowers*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



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### **Planting & Growing**

Tiger Lily will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 23 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 18 inches apart. It tends to be leggy, with a typical clearance of 1 foot from the ground, and should be underplanted with lower-growing perennials. The flower stalks can be weak and so it may require staking in exposed sites or excessively rich soils. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years.

This plant does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is native to parts of North America. It can be propagated by multiplication of the underground bulbs.